# **United Utilities Water Finance PLC**

**Report and Financial Statements** 

31 March 2020

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Registered No: 9227416

# Directors, advisers and other information

### Directors

PA Aspin SR Gardiner JR Houlden BF Murphy

### Secretary

UU Secretariat Limited

### Auditor

KPMG LLP St Peter's Square Manchester M2 3AE

### **Registered** office

Haweswater House Lingley Mere Business Park Lingley Green Avenue Great Sankey Warrington WA5 3LP Registered No: 9227416

# Strategic report

### **Business review**

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Utilities Water Limited.

### Principal activity and review of business

The principal activity of the company is the provision of long term finance for its immediate parent, United Utilities Water Limited (UUW). During the year the company continued to raise long term finance and in turn on-lent such finance to its immediate parent through back-to-back financing agreements. A management fee of  $\pounds$ 50,000 (2019:  $\pounds$ 50,000) has been charged in relation to the services provided.

The directors do not believe that further key performance indicators for the company are necessary to enhance the understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The performance of this business is consolidated together with that of its parent and discussed in the annual report and financial statements of UUW.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

The United Utilities group manages its treasury operations centrally. Financial risk management and the implementation of associated hedging is carried out by the United Utilities Group PLC's (UUG) treasury department. The group's treasury management policies and operations are discussed in UUG's annual report and financial statements.

The company raises debt finance for its immediate parent, UUW. Amounts raised are passed on to UUW on identical terms. UUW guarantees the company's obligations under these arrangements. The principal risk of these arrangements is that UUW is unable to meet its obligations to the company.

# Statement by the directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with s172(1) Companies Act 2006

The directors consider, both individually and together, that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the company for the benefit of its members as a whole and having regard (amongst other matters) to factors (a) to (f) of s172 Companies Act 2006, in the decisions taken during the year ended 31 March 2020. The company's principal activity is that of a financing company. It does not have employees, business relationships with suppliers, customers or others and its operations do not impact on the community or the environment. Through their actions the directors operate the company's ultimate holding company is United Utilities Group PLC, a copy of whose s172(1) Statement can be found in its 2020 annual report and financial statements. This sets out how the group's decisions and policies affect employees, customers and other stakeholders, suppliers and the impact of the group's operations on the community and the environment.

The Strategic report was approved by the board on 30 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

JR Houlden Director

# **Directors' report**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

### **Results and dividends**

The company recorded a profit for the year of £43,000 (2019: £42,000). The directors have not recommended a final ordinary dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: £nil).

### **Going concern**

The directors' considerations in preparing these financial statements on a going concern basis are set out in note 1.

### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and to date are given below:

PA Aspin SR Gardiner JR Houlden BF Murphy

During the year, directors' and officers' liability insurance was in force.

### Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- 1. so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- 2. he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given, and should be interpreted, in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

### Auditor

The board has decided to recommend KPMG LLP to be reappointed as external auditor to the company at the forthcoming AGM and an authority for the directors to set the remuneration of the auditor will also be sought.

Approved by the board and signed on its behalf by:

JR Houlden Director 30 June 2020

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of its profit or loss for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

### Responsibility statement of the directors in respect of the annual financial report

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge:

- the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the applicable set of accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole; and
- the strategic and directors' reports include a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the issuer and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

Signed on behalf of the board:

JR Houlden Director 30 June 2020

### to the members of United Utilities Water Finance PLC

### 1. Our opinion is unmodified

We have audited the financial statements of United Utilities Water Finance PLC ("the Company") for the year ended 31 March 2020 which comprise the income statement, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity, and the related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of Company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion. Our audit opinion is consistent with our report to the audit committee.

We were first appointed as auditor by the directors on 22 July 2011. The period of total uninterrupted engagement is for the nine financial years ended 31 March 2020. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and we remain independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard as applied to public interest entities. No non-audit services prohibited by that standard were provided.

### 2. Key audit matters: our assessment of risks of material misstatement

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) identified by us, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy; the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team. We summarise below the key audit matters (unchanged from 2019), in decreasing order of audit significance, in arriving at our audit opinion above, together with our key audit procedures to address those matters and, as required for public interest entities, our results from those procedures. These matters were addressed, and our results are based on procedures undertaken, in the context of, and solely for the purpose of, our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and consequently are incidental to that opinion, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

	The risk	Our response
of borrowings Carrying value of £2,155,290,000	<b>Appropriate input:</b> The company has significant borrowings held at amortised cost. Due to the significance of these balances, there is a risk that the related financial liabilities are misstated.	<ul> <li>Our procedures included:</li> <li><i>Control observation:</i> assessing control over the identification, measurement and management of borrowings;</li> <li><i>Tests of details:</i> testing a sample of borrowings to source of documentation.</li> <li><i>Reperformance:</i> independently reperforming calculations of carrying value and comparing to the client's result; and</li> <li><i>Assessing transparency:</i> considering the adequacy of the company's disclosures;</li> </ul>

to the members of United Utilities Water Finance PLC

 Our results
<ul> <li>We found the carrying value of borrowings to be acceptable (2019: acceptable).</li> </ul>

### 3. Our application of materiality and an overview of the scope of our audit

Materiality for the financial statements as a whole was set at £8 million (2019: £6.5 million), determined with reference to a benchmark of total assets of £2,155.3 million, of which it represents 0.37% (2019:0.44%).

We agreed to report to the Audit Committee any corrected or uncorrected identified misstatements exceeding  $\pm 0.4$  million, in addition to other identified misstatements that warranted reporting oh qualitative grounds.

### 4. We have nothing to report on going concern

The Directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

Our responsibility is to conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' conclusions and, had there been a material uncertainty related to going concern, to make reference to that in this audit report. However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

In our evaluation of the Directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We evaluated those risks and concluded that they were not significant enough to require us to perform additional audit procedures.

Based on this work, we are required to report to you if we have anything material to add or draw attention to in relation to the directors' statement in Note 1 to the financial statements on the use of the going concern basis of accounting with no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over the Company's use of that basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

We have nothing to report in these respects, and we did not identify going concern as a key audit matter.

### .5. We have nothing to report on the other information in the strategic report and directors' report

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in those reports;
- in our opinion the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and

to the members of United Utilities Water Finance PLC

• in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

### 6. We have nothing to report on the other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006, we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

### 7. Respective responsibilities

### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 5, the Directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or other irregularities (see below), or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud, other irregularities or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

### Irregularities - ability to detect

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards), and from inspection of the company's regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of noncompliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: certain aspects of company legislation recognising the financial and regulated nature of the company's activities and its legal form. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and

to the members of United Utilities Water Finance PLC

inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures, we became aware of actual or suspected non-compliance and considered the effect as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in our response being identified as a key audit matter

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### 8. The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

William Meredith (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants · St Peter's Square, Manchester, M2 3AE. 30 June 2020

# **Income statement**

### for the years ended 31 March

	Note	2020 £000	2019 £000
Operating income		50	50
Operating profit	2	50	50
Investment income	3	59,336	37,010
Finance expense	4	(59,333)	(37,008)
Investment income and finance expense		3	2
Profit before tax		53	52
Tax	5	(10)	(10)
Profit after tax		43	42

All of the results shown above relate to continuing operations.

The company had no comprehensive income in the current year or prior year other than the profit above. Accordingly, a separate statement of other comprehensive income has not been prepared.

# Statement of financial position

at 31 March

	Note	2019 £000	2019 £000
ASSETS Non-current assets Trade and other receivables	6	2,155,290	1,477,176
Current assets Trade and other receivables	6	12,343	6,599
Total assets		2,167,633	1,483,775
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings	8	(2 155 290)	(1,477,175)
Current liabilities Trade and other payables	7	(12,085)	(6,385)
Total liabilities		(2,167,375)	(1,483,560)
Total net assets		258	215
<b>Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of t</b> Called up share capital	<b>he company</b> 9	50	50
Profit and loss account	)	208	165
Shareholders' funds		258	215

The financial statements of United Utilities Water Finance PLC, registered number 9227416, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 June 2020. They were signed on its behalf by:

JR Houlden Director

# Statement of changes in equity

for the years ended 31 March

	Share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total £000
At 31 March 2018	50	123	173
Profit after tax	-	42	42
At 31 March 2019	50	165	215
Profit after tax	-	43	43
At 31 March 2020	50	208	258

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

### 1. Accounting policies

### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable company law.

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 (Financial Reporting Standard 100) and so the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. As such the recognition and measurement requirements of EU-adopted IFRS have been applied, with amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and The Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/410) as these are Companies Act 2006 accounts.

As permitted by FRS 101, the company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions available under that standard in relation to cash flow statements and related party transactions.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of UUG. The group accounts of UUG are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 13.

The financial statements have been prepared in sterling and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise stated.

### **Going concern**

In preparing these financial statements on the going concern basis, the directors have considered the company's net assets position. The net assets are deemed to be fully recoverable. In addition, UUW acts as guarantor in relation to the company's borrowings, which are long term in nature. For these reasons, the directors have concluded that the going concern basis continues to be appropriate.

### **Investment income**

Interest income is recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which it is accrued.

### **Finance expense**

Finance expense is recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which it is accrued.

### Current tax

Current tax, being UK corporation tax, is based on the taxable profit for the period and is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Taxable profit differs from the net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised on the company's statement of financial position on the trade date when the company becomes/ceases to be a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

### Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments, and that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Such assets are measured at fair value on initial recognition and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

### **1.** Accounting policies (continued)

#### Borrowings

Bonds and loans are initially measured at fair value being the cash proceeds received net of any direct issue costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost applying the effective interest method. The difference between the net cash proceeds received at inception and the principal cash flows due at maturity is accrued over the term of the borrowing.

### Foreign exchange

Foreign currency transactions arising during the period are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. At each reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the relevant rates of exchange applicable at that date. All profits and losses on translation arising during the period are included in the net profit and loss for the period.

### 2. Operating profit

A management fee of £50,000 (2019: £50,000) has been charged in relation to services provided to UUW during the year.

The company has no employees during the year other than the directors. The directors' emoluments are borne by other group companies and are not specifically recharged. The value of qualifying services rendered to the company by the directors is instead included in the value of the management fee. The directors' allocation of remuneration to this company is immaterial.

The auditor's remuneration for the statutory audit of the company was borne by another group undertaking in the current year. The amount attributable but not recharged to United Utilities Water Finance PLC was  $\pounds 24,000$  (2019:  $\pounds 18,000$ ). There were no non-audit services provided by the auditor to the company (2019:  $\pounds nil$ ).

### 3. Investment income

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Interest and charges receivable relating to amounts owed by immediate parent undertaking Foreign exchange gains on loans receivable from immediate parent undertaking	40,261 19,075	24.353 12,657
	59,336	37,010

Included in 'Interest receivable on amounts owed by immediate parent undertaking' for the year ended 31 March 2020 is £3,000 (2019: £2,000) of interest receivable on intercompany cash pool balances.

### 4. Finance expense

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Interest payable on borrowings held at amortised cost Foreign exchange losses on borrowings held at amortised cost Bank charges	40,258 19,075	24,342 12,657 9
	59,333	37,008

### 5. Tax

6.

(a) Analysis of the tax charge for the year		
	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Current tax:		
Total current tax charge: group relief payable	10	10

### (b) Factors affecting the current tax charge for the year

The difference between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the standard rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax is as follows:

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Profit before tax	53	52
Tax at the UK corporation tax rate of 19%	10	10
Actual current tax charge	10	10
Trade and other receivables		
	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Amounts owed by immediate parent undertaking:		
Loans	2,155,290	1,477,176
Interest receivable	12,034	6,344
Other	309	255
	2,167,633	1,483,775

At 31 March 2020 the company had £12,343,000 (2019: £6,599,000) of trade and other receivables classified as current.

The amounts owed by immediate parent undertaking are classified as loans and receivables and are on identical terms to the external borrowings raised by the company (see note 8). The fair value of these instruments was  $\pounds 2,135,694,000$  as at 31 March 2020 (2019:  $\pounds 1,500,643,000$ ).

### 7. Trade and other payables

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Accruals – interest payable on borrowings	12,034	6,344
Amounts owed to intermediate parent undertakings - group relief payable	51	41
	12,085	6,385

#### 8. Borrowings

The principal economic terms and conditions of outstanding borrowings, along with fair value and carrying value, were as follows:

	Currency	Year of	Fair	2020 Carrying	Fair	2019 Carrying
		final repayment	value	value	value	value
		10 μα	£000	£000	£000	£000
Borrowings measured at amortised cost						
0.013%+RPI 25m IL bond	GBP	2025	29,070	28,331	29,867	27,592
2.0% 450m bond	GBP	2025	451,795	446,957	453,051	446,378
2.867% 320m bond	HKD	2026	33,444	33,227	31,452	31,349
2.92% 739m bond	HKD	2026	77,205	76,734	72,676	72,397
1.129% 52m bond	EUR	2027	44,157	46,055	45,227	44,870
2.37% 830m bond	HKD	2027	82,742	86,183	78,658	81,309
0.01%+RPI 20m IL bond	GBP	2028	23,136	23,627	23,420	23,245
2.058% 30m bond	EUR	2030	26,781	26,568	26,910	25,885
0.178%+RPI 35m IL bond	GBP	2030	42,227	39,647	43,329	38,611
2.625% 350m bond	GBP	2031	366,399	355,085	260,018	248,612
1.641% 30m bond	EUR	2031	25,730	26,569	26,194	25,885
2.9% 600m bond	HKD	2031	62,165	62,301	58,923	58,776
0.245%+CPI 20m IL bond	GBP	2031	20,688	21,355	21,175	20,978
0.01%+RPI 38m IL bond	GBP	2031	43,763	44,198	44,691	43,336
1.707% 28m bond	EUR	2032	23,813	24,797	24,276	24,160
1.653% 26m bond	EUR	2032	21,876	23,026	22,295	22,434
1.70% 30m bond	EUR	2033	25,298	26,569	25,793	25,886
2.0% 300m bond	GBP	2033	308,410	296,703	-	-
0.01%+RPI 26.5m IL bond	GBP	2036	30,280	32,796	31,681	33,181
0.379%+CPI 20m IL bond	GBP	2036	20,119	21,336	21,291	20,960
0.01%+RPI 29m IL bond	GBP	2036	32,362	33,881	34,551	32,266
0.093%+CPI 60m IL bond	GBP	2037	57,277	63,629	60,563	62,499
1.75% 250m bond	GBP	2038	232,121	247,955	-	-
0.359%+CPI 32m IL bond	GBP	2048	28,159	33,528	32,295	32,944
0.387%+CPI 33m IL bond	GBP	2057	26,677	34,233	32,307	33,622
	-		2,135,694	2,155,290	1,500,643	1,477,175

#### Index-linked debt:

IL Index-linked debt – this debt is adjusted for movements in the Consumer or Retail Prices Indices with reference to a base CPI or RPI established at trade date

CPI The UK general index of consumer prices (for all items) as published by the Office of National Statistics (May 2015=100)

RPI The UK general index of retail prices (for all items) as published by the Office of National Statistics (Jan 1987=100)

Each of these borrowings are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by UUW under the United Utilities PLC and United Utilities Water Finance PLC multi-issuer EUR 7 billion Euro Medium Term Note Programme. Amounts raised have been loaned to UUW on identical terms to the borrowings detailed in the table above (see note 6). Borrowings are unsecured.

During the year, the group issued a further  $\pm 100$  million fixed rate notes in addition to the  $\pm 250$  million fixed rate notes issued in the prior year. These notes were issued under the same terms with year of final repayment being 2031 and coupon rate of 2.625 per cent.

On the 3 June 2020, the group issued £300 million fixed rate notes with the year of final repayment being 2031 and the coupon rate 1.875 per cent. On the 15 June 2020, the group issued a further £75 million fixed rate notes under the same terms as the £250 million fixed rate notes issued in the prior year, with the year

of final repayment being 2031 and coupon rate of 2.625 per cent. On the 25 June 2020, the group issued  $\pounds$ 50 million fixed rate notes under the same terms as the  $\pounds$ 300 million fixed rate notes issued in the current year, with the final year of repayment being 2033 and coupon rate of 2.0 per cent. These issuances have not been recorded in the financial statements at 31 March 2020 as they represent non-adjusting events after the reporting period.

The fair values disclosed are classified under the IFRS 13 hierarchy, with £1,068,249,000 (2019: £992,745,000) of level 1 fair value measurements, being derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical liabilities and £1,067,445,000 (2019: £507,898,000) of level 2 fair value measurements, being derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the liability, either directly or indirectly.

### 9. Called up share capital

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
50,000 ordinary shares of £1.00 each		50

### 10. Financial risk management

The company is a financing subsidiary of UUW and its principal activity is raising listed debt on behalf of UUW, its immediate parent. All external borrowings are guaranteed by UUW and are on-lent to UUW on identical terms through intercompany loans.

The company's financial risks are not managed separately as they are integrated with the financial risks of the UUG group. The UUG group's financial risks, treasury management policies and operations are discussed in UUG's annual report and financial statements.

### Credit risk:

The company is exposed to credit risk on the debtor balances receivable from the immediate parent undertaking, UUW. At 31 March 2020, the maximum exposure to credit risk represent amounts owed by immediate parent undertaking of  $\pounds 2,167,633,000$  (2019:  $\pounds 1,483,775,000$ ). These balances are neither past due nor impaired.

### Liquidity risk:

Principal and interest amounts due on external borrowings are matched by principal and interest amounts receivable from UUW, therefore the principal risk of the company's arrangements is that UUW is unable to meet its obligations to the company.

### Market risk:

The company does not consider it is exposed to any significant concentrations of market risk. As the company on-lends all external borrowings to its immediate parent company on identical terms, any market risk exposure (foreign exchange, interest rate or inflation) on external borrowings is offset by an equal and opposite exposure on the company's loans receivable from its parent.

As such, movements in inflation, interest rates or movements in foreign currency rates will have no net impact on profit before taxation or equity, other than as stated below.

In addition to the borrowings loaned to its parent, the company has a short-term balance receivable from its parent on which interest accrues. A one per cent increase/decrease in interest rates would result in a  $\pm 3,000$  (2019:  $\pm 3,000$ ) increase/decrease in profit before taxation and equity. This is based on the position at the reporting date and is not indicative of the years then ended.

### **11. Related party transactions**

There have been no transactions with the directors of the company during the year.

In accordance with the exemption allowed under FRS 101, no disclosure is made of transactions with other wholly owned member companies which are consolidated into the UUG group.

### 12. Events after the reporting period

With the exception of debt issuances discussed in note 8, there were no material events after the reporting period to disclose.

### 13. Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent undertaking is United Utilities Water Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

In the directors' opinion, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is United Utilities Group PLC, a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales.

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by United Utilities Water Limited. The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from: The Company Secretary, United Utilities Water Limited, Haweswater House, Lingley Mere Business Park, Lingley Green Avenue, Great Sankey, Warrington, WA5 3LP.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by United Utilities Group PLC. The consolidated accounts of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from: The Company Secretary, United Utilities Group PLC, Haweswater House, Lingley Mere Business Park, Lingley Green Avenue, Great Sankey, Warrington, WA5 3LP.